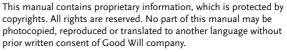
Synthesized Function Generator

SFG-2000/SFG-2100 Series

USER MANUAL

GW INSTEK PART NO. 82FG-21200MD



The information in this manual was correct at the time of printing. However, Good Will continues to improve products and reserves the rights to change specification, equipment, and maintenance procedures at any time without notice.

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ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER GUINSTEK



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SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow when operating SFG-2000 series and when keeping it in storage. Read the following before any operation to insure your safety and to keep the best condition for SFG-2000 series.





Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on SFG-2000 series.



Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could WARNING result in injury or loss of life.

Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could

result in damage to SFG-2000 series or to other



L CAUTION



Attention Refer to the Manual

properties.



Earth (ground) Terminal

Safety Guidelines

∠! CAUTION

- General Guideline Do not place any heavy object on SFG-2000 series.
 - · Avoid severe impacts or rough handling that leads to damaging SFG-2000 series.
 - Do not discharge static electricity to SFG-2000 series.
 - · Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals.
 - Do not block or obstruct cooling vent opening.
 - · Do not perform measurements at power source and building installation site (Note below).
 - · Do not disassemble SFG-2000 series unless you are qualified as service personnel.

(Note) EN 61010-1:2001 specifies the measurement categories and their requirements as follows. SFG-2000 series falls under category

- Measurement category IV is for measurement performed at the source of low-voltage installation.
 Measurement category III is for measurement performed in the building installation.
- Measurement category II is for measurement performed on the circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation.

Power Supply

WARNING

- Input voltage: 115/230V AC +10%, -15%, 50/60Hz
- The power supply voltage should not fluctuate more
- · Connect the protective grounding conductor of the power cord to earth ground, to avoid electrical shock.

Fuse



- Fuse type: T0.125A/ 250V
- · Only service personnel are allowed to access internal fuse holders.
- Replace the fuse with the specified type and rating only, for continued fire protection.
- · Disconnect the power cord before fuse replacement.
- · Make sure the cause of the fuse blowout is fixed before fuse replacement.

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SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Cleaning SFG-2000 series

- · Disconnect the power cord before cleaning.
- Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid into SFG-2000 series.
- · Do not use chemicals or cleaners containing harsh materials such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone

Operation Environment

- Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below)
- Relative Humidity: < 80%
- Altitude: < 2000m
- Temperature: 0°C to 40°C

(Note) EN 61010-1:2001 specifies the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. SFG-2000 series falls under degree 2. Pollution refers to "addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity"

- Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive
- Pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence.
 Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused
- by condensation must be expected.

 Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non-conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled.

Storage Environment

- · Location: Indoor
- Relative Humidity: < 80%
- Temperature: -10°C to 70°C

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Power cord for the United Kingdom

When using SFG-2000 series in the United Kingdom, make sure the power cord meets the following safety instructions.

NOTE: This lead / appliance must only be wired by competent persons

WARNING: THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED

IMPORTANT: The wires in this lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

Green/ Yellow: Neutral Blue:

Brown: Live (Phase)
As the colours of the wires in main leads may not correspond with the colours marking

identified in your plug/appliance, proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured Green & Yellow must be connected to the Earth terminal marked with the letter E or by the earth symbol ⊕or coloured Green or Green & Yellow. The wire which is coloured Blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured Blue or Black.

The wire which is coloured Brown must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter L or P or coloured Brown or Red.

letter L or P or coloured Brown or Red. If in doubt, consult the instructions provided with the equipment or contact the supplier. This cable/appliance should be protected by a suitably rated and approved HBC mains fuse: refer to the rating information on the equipment and/or user instructions for details. As a guide, cable of 0.75mm2 should be protected by a 3A or 5A fuse. Larger conductors would normally require 13A types, depending on the connection method used. Any moulded mains connector that requires removal /replacement must be destroyed by removal of any fuse & fuse carrier and disposed of immediately, as a plug with bared wires is hazardous if a engaged in live socket. Any re-wiring must be carried out in accordance with the information detailed on this label.

with the information detailed on this label.

GETTING STARTED

This chapter describes SFG-2000 series in a nutshell, including main features and front/rear/display introduction. Follow the Set Up section to properly install and power up SFG-2000 series.



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Technical background

Traditional function generators

SFG-2000 series uses the latest Direct Digital Synthesis (DDS) technology to generate stable, high resolution output frequency. The DDS technology solves several problems encountered in traditional function generators, as follows.

Constant current circuit methodology

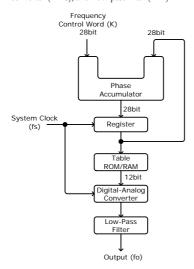
This analog function generating method uses a constant current source circuit built with discrete components such as capacitors and resistors. Temperature change inside the generator greatly affects the components characteristics which lead to output frequency change. The results are poor accuracy and stability.

DDS methodology

In DDS, the waveform data is contained in and generated from a memory. A clock controls the counter which points to the data address. The memory output is converted into analog signal by a digital to analog converter (DAC) followed by a low pass filter. The resolution is expressed as fs/2k where fs is the frequency and k is the control word, which contains more than 28bits. Because the frequency generation is referred to clock signal, this achieves much higher frequency stability and resolution than the traditional function generators.

Block diagram

DDS synthesizer consists of Phase accumulator (counter), lookout table data (ROM), Digital-to-analog converter (DAC), and Low-pass filter (LPF).



The phase accumulator adds the frequency control word The phase accumulator audic the requency control work at every clock cycle fs. The accumulator output points to a location in the Table ROM/RAM. The DAC converts the digital data into an analog waveform. The LPF filters out the clock frequency to provide a pure waveform.

Lineup/Features

Series lineup

Features	Duty cycle	Offset	TTL/ CMOS	Sweep	AM/ FM	Counter
SFG-2004 (4MHz)	•	•	•	_	_	_
SFG-2007 (7MHz)	•	•	•	_	—	_
SFG-2010 (10MHz)	•	•	•	_	_	_
SFG-2020 (20MHz)	•	•	•	_	_	_
SFG-2104 (4MHz)	•	•	•	•	•	•
SFG-2107 (7MHz)	•	•	•	•	•	•
SFG-2110 (10MHz)	•	•	•	•	•	•
SFG-2120 (20MHz)	•	•	•	•	•	•

Main features	
Performance	High resolution using DDS and FPGA technology
	High frequency accuracy: 20ppm
	• Low distortion: -55dBc
	High resolution 100mHz maintained at full range
Features	Wide output frequency range: 4, 7, 10, 20MHz
	Various output waveforms: Sine, Square, and Triangle
	TTL/CMOS output
	Variable DC offset control
	Output overload protection
	Store/recall: 10 settings
	Counter up to 150MHz high frequency (SFG-2100 series)
	AM/FM with internal and external (SFG-2100 series)
	Sweep mode with LINE and LOG (SFG-2100 series)
Input/Output	Frequency output
Terminals	TTL/CMOS output
	Counter input (SFG-2100 series)
	 External modulation input (SFG-2100 series)

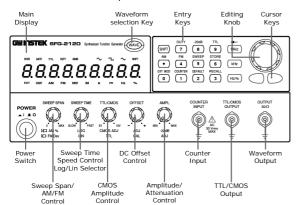
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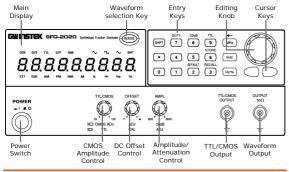
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Front Panel

SFG-2100 series front panel



SFG-2000 series front panel



Main display

Shows the waveform frequency, counter frequency, and duty cycle.

OVER

For SFG-2100 series only. In the counter mode, indicates that the leftmost digit (100MHz) is hidden but contains a real number. For counter details, see page40.

GATE

For SFG-2100 series only. In counter mode, indicates gate selection. For counter details, see

page40.

TTL

Indicates that the TTL or CMOS output is enabled. For TTL/CMOS

details, see page31.

DUTY

For square waveform only. Indicates that the duty cycle is being edited. For square waveform

details, see page25.

-20dB

Indicates that the waveform output is attenuated by -20dB. For attenuation details, see page29.

SWEEP

For SFG-2100 series only. Indicates that the sweep mode is activated. For sweep details, see page 35.

FM AM

For SFG-2100 series only. Indicates that FM or AM mode is enabled. For modulation details, see page37

(AM) or page38(FM).

COUNT

For SFG-2100 series only. Indicates that the counter mode is enabled.

For counter details, see page40.

EXT

For SFG-2100 series only. Indicates that the external modulation input is used. For details, see page 37

(AM) or page39(FM).

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SHIFT 5

<u>GWINSTEK</u>		SFG-2000 Series User Manual	
	SHIFT 6	Stores the parameter setting (page42).	
	SHIFT 3	Recalls the parameter setting (page 42).	
	SHIFT 2	Recalls the default parameter setting (page43).	
	SHIFT 1	Switches to counter mode (page40).	
	SHIFT 0	Accepts external modulation signal (page37-AM) or (page38-FM).	
Editing knob		Increases (right turn) or decreases (left turn) the frequency or duty cycle.	
Cursor keys	0	Moves the editing point left or right in case of manual editing.	
Waveform output	OUTPUT 50Ω	Outputs sine, square, and triangle waveform. BNC terminal, 50Ω output impedance.	
TTL/CMOS output	TTL/CMOS OUTPUT	Outputs TTL or CMOS output waveform, BNC terminal. For TTL/CMOS mode details, see page31.	
Counter input Max AC 30Vrms	COUNTER INPUT	Accepts signals for frequency counting BNC, AC 30Vrms maximum. For counting mode details, see page40.	

15

Selects sweep mode (page35).

Amplitude/ Attenuation control



Sets the sine/square/triangle waveform amplitude. Turn left (decrease) or right

ADJ

When pulled out, attenuates the sine/square/triangle waveform amplitude by -20dB. The -20dB display

For details, see page29.

DC offset control



When pulled out, sets the DC offset level for sine/square/triangle waveform. Turn left (decrease) or right (increase). The range is $-5V \sim +5V$, in 50Ω load.

For details, see page30.

CMOS amplitude control



This knob becomes effective when the TTL/CMOS output is enabled (page31).



Selects TTL as output.

When pulled out, selects CMOS as output. Sets the CMOS output level. Turn left (decrease) or right (increase).

Sweep speed control Log/Linear

sweep selector



This knob is available in SFG-2100 series only. It becomes effective in

Sets the sweep speed. Turn left (slow) or right (fast). The range is $1 \sim 30$ seconds. For sweep details, see page35.

Selects linear sweep.

When pulled out, selects logarithmic sweep.

GWINSTEK Sweep span

control



SWEEP SPAN This knob is available in SFG-2100

series only. It becomes effective in sweep mode and AM/FM mode.

AM/FM modulation control

In Sweep mode: Sets the sweep span. MAX Turn left (narrow) or right (wide). The range is $1 \sim 100$. For sweep details, see FM Dev page36.

In AM/FM mode:

Sets the FM deviation (page 38). Turn left (decrease) or right (increase). The range is over $-50 \mathrm{kHz} \sim +50 \mathrm{kHz}$, centered at 1MHz.

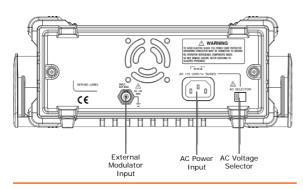
When pulled out, sets the AM depth (page37). Turn left (shallow) or right (deep). The range is $0 \sim 100\%$.

Power switch



Turns the main power On/Off. For power up sequence, see page20.

Rear Panel



External Accepts the modulation signal from external device.

Modulator Input

BNC male connector, 10Vp-p maximum. SFG automatically switches the modulation signal from internal to external.

For modulation details, see page37 (AM) or page38(FM).

AC Power Input

Accepts the AC power cord. 115 or 230V, 50/60Hz.

AC Voltage Selector

Selects 115V or 230V for power source.

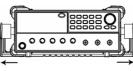
AC 100/110/120V → select 115V.

AC 220/230/240V → select 230V.

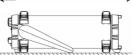
Improper selection might lead to internal fuse

Set Up

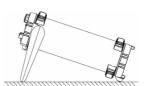
Tilt stand



Pull out the handle sideways and rotate it.



Place SFG horizontally,



Or tilt stand.



Place the handle vertically for hand carry.

Power up



 Select the AC voltage on the rear panel accordingly. AC 100/110/120V→select 115V. AC 220/230/240V→select 230V.



2. Connect the power cord.



3. Push and turn On the main power switch on the front panel.



The display shows model name and the last setup. Example: SFG-2110, 500Hz triangle wave in sweep mode and -20dB attenuation enabled

SF6-2110

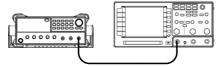
Recall the default setting

Press SHIFT 2 to recall the default setup. SFG shows the message "done", and outputs 10kHz sine wave.



Functionality check

Connect SFG output to measurement device such as oscilloscope and check the waveform characteristics.



Operation Shortcuts

Here are the collections of operation example shortcuts.			
Sine wave 250Hz,	1.	Press Wave key and select Sine	WAVE \
-20dB amplitude	2.	Press $2 + 5 + 0 + Hz/\%$ key	2 5 0 Hz/%
OUTPUT	3.	Press Shift + 8 key (-20dB)	- 20sB 00-ID
50Ω		Or pull Amplitude knob	■ -20dB
			or AMPL ADJ
Triangle wave	1.	Press Wave key and select	WAVE 🔷
8kHz,		Triangle	
+2V Offset	2.	Press 8 + kHz key	8 kHz
OUTPUT	3.	Pull Offset knob (ADJ) and	OFFSET ADJ
50Ω		Rotate	
			H3 + W
Square Wave	1.	Press Wave key and select Square	WAVE
1MHz, 45% duty	2.	Press 1 + MHz key	1 MHz
OUTPUT 50Ω	3.	Press Shift + 7 key (Duty)	OUTY DUTY
<u>a</u>	4.	Press 4 + 5 + Hz/% key	4 5 Hz%
		Or Rotate the Scroll knob	$\widehat{\frown}$
			or O
TTL Output 10kHz	1.	Press Shift + 9 key (TTL)	(9) TTL
TTL/CMOS OUTPUT	2.	Press 1 + 0 + kHz key	1 0 kHz
001201	3.	Press TTL/CMOS knob (TTL)	TTL/CMOS (TTL)
			ra
CMOS Out 10kHz,	1.	Press Shift + 9 key (TTL)	SHET (9) TTL
10Vpp	2.	Press 1 + 0 + kHz key	1 0 kHz
TTL/CMOS OUTPUT	3.	Pull TTL/CMOS knob (CMOS)	TTL/CMOS
- OUTFUT		and rotate	(CMOS)
			B + O

Linear Sweep,	1.	Press Wave key and select Sine	WAVE \
1kHz start,	2.	Press $2 + 5 + 0 + Hz/\%$ key	2 5 0 (Hz/%)
Sine wave 250Hz	3.	Press Shift + 5 key (Sweep)	SWEEP SWEEP
OUTPUT 50Ω	4.	Press SWEEP TIME knob (LIN)	SWEEP TIME LIN
30.12		and rotate	a + a
(③)	5.	Press SWEEP SPAN knob and	SWEEP SPAN
"		rotate	$\Box + \widehat{\mathbf{Q}}$
Log Sweep,	1.	Press Wave key and select	WAVE
10kHz start,		Triangle	
Triangle wave	2.	Press 8 + kHz key	8 kHz
8kHz	3.	Press Shift + 5 key (Sweep)	SWEEP SWEEP
OUTPUT 50Ω	4.	Pull SWEEP TIME knob (LOG)	SWEEP TIME
~		and rotate	LOG
			#3 + ©
₩.	5.	Press SWEEP SPAN knob and	SWEEP SPAN
		rotate	$\square + \bigcirc$
AM, Internal,	1.	Press Wave key and select Sine	WAVE
50% modulation,	2.	Press 1 + 0 + kHz key	1 0 kHz
sine wave 10kHz	3.	Press Shift + .(dot) key (AM)	SIII
50Ω	4.	Deall CWIEED CDANI be also (AM	SWEEP SPAN
	4.	Pull SWEEP SPAN knob (AM %) and rotate	
		, of and Totale	T EN
FM, External,	1.	Press Wave key and select Sine	WAVE \
50% deviation,	2.	Press 1 + MHz key	1 MHz
sine wave 1MHz	3.	Input external modulation signal	INPUT EXT MOD
OUTPUT		(EXT sign appears)	
50Ω			<u></u> EXT
	4.	Press Shift + 4 key (FM)	∞ Č FM
	5.	Push SWEEP SPAN knob (FM	SWEEP SPAN
		Dev) and rotate	(FM Dev)

Counter input,	1.	Press Shift + 1 (Counter)	COUNTER CO	UNT
Sine wave 1MHz COUNTER INPUT	2.	The Gate sign flashes when counted	GATE	UNI
Store the setting	1.	Press Shift + 6 (Store)	SHFT 6	
to memory No.1	2.	The "Store" sign appears	Store	0
	3.	Enter the memory number (1 \sim 10)	Store	ı
Recall the setting	4.	The "done" sign appears Press Shift + 3 (Recall)	don 8	
from memory			recall	П
No.1	3.	The "Recall" sign appears Enter the memory number (1 ~ 10)	r8c3LL	1
	4.	The "done" sign appears	done	

Default Setting Contents

Recall default SHIFT 2 settings



Press the shift key, then 2 to recall the default setting. The "done" message appears, followed by display update.

10.0000

		k	Hz
Wave type	Sine wave		
Frequency	10.0000kHz		
TTL/CMOS	Disabled		
-20dB	Disabled		
Modulation	Disabled		
Sweep mode	Disabled		

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SINE/SQUARE/TRIANGLE

WAVE







Select waveform	Select the waveform
Set frequency	Enter frequency26
	Edit frequnency27
Set duty cycle	Enter duty cycle28
(for square wave)	Edit duty cycle28
Set amplitude	Normal output29
	Attenuate by -20dB29
Set offset	Activate offset30
	Adjust offset30
	Limitation 30

Select the waveform

/ Triangle

Sine / Square Press WAVE key repeatedly. The corresponding icon / Triangle appears on the display.



Sine waveform.



Square waveform.



Triangle waveform.



The waveform comes out from the main terminal.

10Vp-p maximum (50Ω load)

20Vp-p maximum (no load)

Set the Frequency

Enter frequency Enter the waveform frequency using the numerical keys.



1.2MHz



37kHz 45Hz



Delete a number (backspace)

Triangle waveform frequency is limited to maximum 1MHz. When the input exceeds it, the following message (Freq-Err2) appears and forces the frequency to 1MHz.

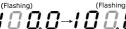
F + E 9 - E + + 2

For full error message list, see page52.

Edit frequnency



Left cursor key moves the active

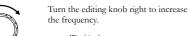




Right cursor key moves the active



Turn the editing knob left to decrease the frequency.



Set the Duty Cycle (Square Waveform)

The duty cycle setting is not available in sine/triangle waveform.

Enter duty cycle



Press the Shift key, then 7 to enter duty cycle editing mode. The duty sign appears on the display.

The default value is 50%.

The settable range is 20% \sim 80%, 2Hz \sim 1MHz.

Use numerical keys to enter value.



Example: 45%

Edit duty cycle



The editing knob changes the value, and the cursor keys moves the active digit (same as entering frequency).

Delete a number (backspace)

When inactive for 5 seconds, the display automatically goes back to previous mode (frequency view).

Setting duty cycle (press SHIFT 7) is not available when sine or triangle waveform is activated. The following message appears.

8064-866

For full error message list, see page52.

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Set Amplitude

Normal output



Turn the Amplitude knob right (increase) or left (decrease).

The range is 10Vpp for 50Ω load.

Attenuate by -20dB

Sine/square/triangle waveform can be attenuated by -20dB, in two ways: -40dB altogether.



Method1

Pull out the Amplitude knob. The output amplitude is attenuated by -20dB (no display sign).



Method2

-20dB

Press the shift key, then 8. The output amplitude is attenuated by -20dB. The -20dB sign appears on the display.

Set Offset

Activate offset

SFG can add or delete offset to the sine/square/triangle waveform, thus changing the waveform vertical position. Use the OFFSET knob.



Pushed: Offset Off



Pulled: Offset On

Adjust offset



Turn the knob right (higher position) or left (lower position).

The range is $-5V \sim +5V$ for 50Ω

ADJ CAL

Limitation

Note that the output amplitude, including the offset, is still limited to:



 $-5 \sim +5 \text{V } (50 \Omega \text{ load})$

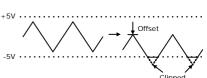
 $-10 \sim +10V$ (no load)

Therefore excessive offset leads to peak clip as below.

Positive peak clip (50Ω)



Negative peak clip (50Ω)



TTL CMOS OUTPUT









Select waveform	Select the waveform
Set frequency	Enter frequency32
	Edit frequency
Set duty cycle	Enter duty cycle33
	Edit duty cycle34
Set amplitude	Set Amplitude

Select the waveform

TTL/CMOS



Press Shift key, then 9. The TTL sign appears on the display.

TTL

The TTL/CMOS output is always On when the square wave is



CMOS ADJ TTL

Push/pull the TTL/CMOS knob to select the waveform.





TTL/CMOS OUTPUT

The waveform comes out from the TTL/CMOS terminal.



TTL: $\geq 3Vp-p$ (fixed)

CMOS: 4V±1Vp-p ~ 15±1Vp-p

Set the Frequency

Enter frequency Enter the waveform frequency using the numerical keys.



1 0 2 MHz 1.2MHz





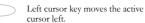




Delete a number (backspace)

Edit frequency





(Flashing)

i





Right cursor key moves the active cursor right.



/ U U,U→/ U 0,C



Turn the editing knob left to decrease the frequency.





Turn the editing knob right to increase the frequency.

Set the Duty Cycle

Enter duty cycle



Press the Shift key, then 7 to enter duty cycle editing mode. The duty sign appears on the display.

ີ 5 🛭

The default value is 50%.

The settable range is 20% \sim 80%, 2Hz \sim 1MHz.



Use the numerical keys to enter value. Example: 45%



Delete a number (backspace)

Edit duty

cycle

GWINSTEK



The editing knob changes the value, and the cursor keys moves the active digit (same as entering frequency).

When inactive for 5 seconds, the display automatically goes back to previous mode (frequency view).

Set Amplitude

CMOS waveform



Use the TTL/CMOS knob.

Pushed: selects TTL output with fixed amplitude, min. 3Vp-p.

Pulled: selects CMOS output, amplitude range 4V±1Vp-p ~ 15±0.5Vp-p.

Turn the knob right (increase amplitude) or left (decrease amplitude).

SFG can add sweep to the waveform output, a convenient tool for measuring the frequency response of the DUT.









- · Sweep function applies only to SFG-2100 series.
- Sweep and Modulation (page 37) cannot be used together.

Activate sweep

- 1. Output the waveform. Sine/Triangle/Square (page25) or TTL/CMOS (page31).
- Press the Shift key, then 5 (Sweep).



3. Sweep is activated and the sign appears on the display.

SWEEP



When the sweep is activated, the duty cycle of Square/TTL/CMOS wave is fixed to 50%.

Select Log/Lin Sweep

SWEEP TIME Logarithmic Sweep:



LIN



Push the SWEEP TIME knob.



SWEEP

Set Sweep Time

Sweep time sets the time it takes for a single sweep from the start frequency to the end frequency.

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Rotate the SWEEP TIME knob, right (fast) or left (slow).



Range

1 ~ 30 seconds



Note: If the sweep time becomes too long, the stop frequency might reach the rating (4, 7, 10, or 20MHz). In this case, the frequency stays at the rating to the end.

Set Sweep Span

Sweep span sets the frequency width of the sweep.

The current output frequency becomes the start frequency.

Rotate the SWEEP SPAN knob, right (wide) or left (narrow).



Range

 $1 \sim 100$ frequency ratio



Note: In order to get the maximum span (frequency ratio), set the sweep time to a sufficient length (not too

MPLITUDE MODULATION





- · AM applies only to SFG-2100 series.
- Modulation and Sweep (page 35) cannot be used together.

Activate AM

- Output the waveform, Sine/Triangle/Square (page25).
- 2. Press the Shift key, then Dot (AM). AM is activated and the sign appears on the display.



Set AM depth



Pull the SWEEP SPAN knob (AM



Turn the knob left (shallow) or right (deep).

 $0 \sim 100\%$

MAX

Use external modulating



SFG-2000 series uses an internal 400Hz sine wave as the default modulating signal.

- 1. Connect the modulating signal to the rear panel terminal.
- 2. Press the Shift key, then 0 (EXT MOD). External modulation is activated.



FREQUENCY MODULATION





- FM applies only to SFG-2100 series.
- Modulation and Sweep (page35) cannot be used together.

Activate FM

- 1. Output the waveform. Sine/Triangle/Square (page25) or TTL/CMOS (page31).
- 2. Press the Shift key, then 4 (FM). FM is activated and the sign appears on the display.





When FM is activated, the duty cycle of Square/TTL/CMOS wave is fixed to 50%.

Set FM deviation



The output frequency becomes the Center Frequency. 1. Push the SWEEP SPAN knob (FM Dev).





Turn the knob left (shallow) or right (deep).

Deviation Range

 $0 \sim \pm 50 \mathrm{kHz}$, centered at 1MHz



When the deviation is added to the center frequency, the result must be smaller than the rating frequency.

Center Frequency + Deviation \leq Rating(4,7,10,20MHz)

When this rule is violated, the "Freq-Err3" error message appears and the FM setting will be cancelled.

F + E 9 - E + + 3

For more error message details, see page52.

Center frequency (=Output frequency) must be set within this range.

within the runger		
SFG-2104	$300kHz \sim 3.7MHz$	
SFG-2107	$300kHz \sim 6.7MHz$	
SFG-2110	$300kHz \sim 9.7MHz$	
SFG-2120	300kHz ~ 19.7MHz	

Use external modulating signal



SFG-2000 series uses an internal 400Hz sine wave as the default modulating signal.

- Connect the modulating signal to the rear panel terminal.
- Press the Shift key, then 0 (EXT MOD). External modulation is activated.







Frequency 1kHz (fixed) Range

OUNTER INPUT





Counter input applies only to SFG-2100 series.

Connect the signal input to the Counter input

Activate counter



COUNTER INPUT

(_©

2. EXT and COUNT sign appear on the display.



3. The display shows the input signal frequency.

3 17386

The GATE sign flashes when the gate condition is

GATE

Range $0 \sim 150 \mathrm{MHz}$

100nHz for 1Hz input, Resolution 0.1Hz for 100MHz input

Set the gate time

40

Gate time sets the display update rate and counter resolution. These two parameters are in trade-off. Short gate time = faster update, coarse resolution Long gate time = slower update, fine resolution



To change the gate time, turn the editing knob right (increase) or left (decrease).

OVER

41

Gate time / Resolution table

The following table shows the relationship between counter frequency, gate time, resolution, and display.

Input	Gate time	Resolution	Display
	0.01s	100μHz	1.0000Hz
1Hz	0.1s	10μHz	1.00000Hz
1112	1s	1μHz	1.000000Hz
	10s	100nHz	1.0000000Hz
	0.01s	100μHz	10.0000Hz
10Hz	0.1s	10μHz	10.00000Hz
TOFIZ	1s	1μHz	10.000000Hz
	10s	100nHz	10.0000000Hz
	0.01s	1mHz	100.000Hz
100Hz	0.1s	100μHz	100.0000Hz
100HZ	1s	10μHz	100.00000Hz
	10s	1μHz	100.000000Hz
	0.01s	10mHz	1.00000kHz
1kHz	0.1s	1mHz	1.000000kHz
IKHZ	1s	100μHz	1.0000000kHz
	10s	10μHz	1.000000000kHz
1MHz	0.01s	10Hz	1.00000MHz
	0.1s	1Hz	1.000000MHz
	1s	100mHz	1.0000000MHz
	10s	10mHz	1.00000000MHz
	0.01s	100Hz	10.0000MHz
10MHz	0.1s	10Hz	10.00000MHz
TOMHZ	1s	1Hz	10.000000MHz
	10s	100mHz	10.0000000MHz
	0.01s	100Hz	100.0000MHz
100MHz	0.1s	10Hz	100.00000MHz
TOUMHZ	1s	1Hz	100.000000MHz
	10s	100mHz	00.0000000MHz*

Over sign

- * The OVER sign shows that the $100 \mathrm{MHz}$ digit contains a real number but hidden from the display. It turns On under the following condition.
- Input frequency: ≥100MHz
- · Gate Time: 10s

To view the 100MHz digit, switch to smaller gate time such as 1s or 0.1s.

STORE/RECALL SETTING







Store the panel setting



Press the Shift key, then 6 to store the current panel setting to internal memories.

Memory range: 0 ~ 9 (10 set)

The "Store 0" sign appears.

Store

 \boldsymbol{B}

Enter the memory number, $0 \sim 9$. (for example, 1)

Store

The "done" sign appears.

done

Recall the panel setting



Press the Shift key, then 3 to recall a panel setting stored in internal memories.

Memory range: 0 ~ 9 (10 set)

The "recall 0" sign appears.

recall

Enter the memory number, $0 \sim 9$. (for example, 1)

recall

The "done" sign appears and the panel setting changes accordingly.

done

Recall the default panel setting



Press the shift key, then 2 to recall the default panel setting.

The "done" message appears.

0008

The panel is updated with the default setting.



Wave type	Sine wave
Frequency	10.0000kHz
TTL/CMOS	Disabled
-20dB	Disabled
Modulation	Disabled
Sweep mode	Disabled

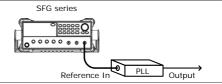
APPLICATION EXAMPLES

Reference Signal for PLL System

Description

The SFG output can be used as a cost-effective reference signal for Phase-Locked-Loop system. Directly connect SFG output to PLL input.

Block diagram

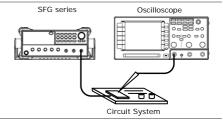


Trouble-Shooting Signal Source

Description

The SFG output can be used as the signal source to test the failed part in a circuit system. Isolate the problematic part from the rest, feed the SFG output as a stimulus, and observe the outcome using an oscilloscope.

Block diagram

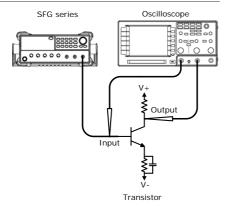


Transistor DC Bias Characteristics Test

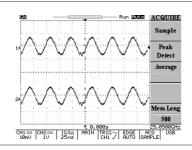
Description

Use SFG-2000 series as the signal source for a transistor. Compare the transistor input/output waveform using the oscilloscope. Adjust the DC voltage source to find out the maximum output without distorting the waveform.

Block diagram



Oscilloscope display



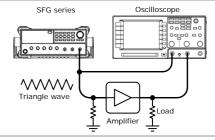
Amplifier Over-Load Characteristic Test

Description

GWINSTEK

Use the triangle wave output from SFG-2000 series to check the amplifier output distortion caused by overload. The common sine wave is not the ideal source in this case. Observe the linearity of the triangle waveform using an oscilloscope.

Block diagram

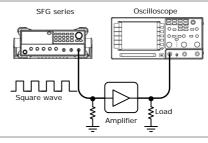


Amplifier Transient Characteristics Test

Description

Use the square wave output from SFG-2000 series to check the transient frequency response of an amplifier. The common sine wave is not the ideal source in this case. Observe the waveform using an oscilloscope.

Block diagram

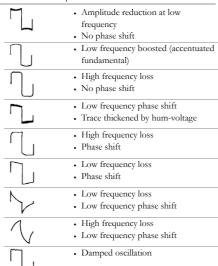


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Test step

- Apply a triangle waveform to the amplifier first.
 Adjust the waveform amplitude to make sure there is no clipping.
- Switch to square waveform and adjust its frequency to the middle of the amplifier pass band, such as 20Hz, 1kHz, and 10kHz.
- Observe the shape of the amplifier output. The following table shows the possible output distortions and their explanations.

Transient characteristic list



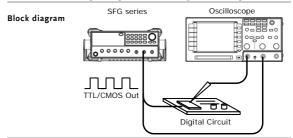


For narrow band amplifier testing, square wave may not be suitable

Logic Circuit Test

Description

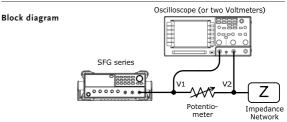
Use the TTL/CMOS output from SFG-2000 series to test digital circuits. Observe the timing relation of input/output waveform using an oscilloscope.



Impedance Matching Network Test

Description

Use SFG-2000 series for impedance matching network: testing its frequency characteristic and matching the impedance.



Test step

Adjust the potentiometer until V2 becomes the half of V1 (V2=0.5V1). Then the impedance Z of the network becomes identical to the potentiometer.

Speaker Driver Test

Description

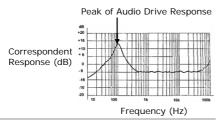
Use SFG-2000 series for testing the frequency characteristics of audio speakers. Record the volt reading versus the input signal frequency.

SFG series

Speaker

Graph

The peak voltage occurs on the resonant frequency of the speaker.



Sweep for Speaker Test

Description	Use the sweep feature in SFG-2000 series for testing the frequency response of an audio speaker.	
Test description	 Set SFG output to sine wave, 20Hz. Activate sweep and set LIN/LOG, sweep time, and sweep span. 	
	Change the frequency if other bands need to be tested.	



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FAQ

- I pressed the Power key on the front panel but nothing happens.
- How can I get out of Counter/Sweep/Modulation/TTL/-20dB mode?
- The device accuracy does not match the specification.
- What are these error messages?

I pressed the Power key on the front panel but nothing happens.

Make sure the AC source voltage setting on the rear panel is correct (page21). Otherwise the internal fuse might be blown out. Contact the service personnel.

How can I get out of Counter/Sweep/Modulation/TTL/-20dB mode?

Press the Shift key, then the relevant numerical key. (Do the same action as you entered those modes)

For example: To get out of Counter mode, press Shift then 1.

The device accuracy does not match the specification.

Make sure the device is powered On for at least 30 minutes, within $\pm 20^{\circ}\text{C} \sim \pm 30^{\circ}\text{C}$. This is necessary to stabilize the unit to match the specification.

What are these error messages?

Several messages appear when trying to set the frequency or duty cycle in forbidden way. Page52 summarizes all the error message content.

If there is still a problem, please contact your local dealer or GWInstek at www.gwinstek.com.tw / marketing@goodwill.com.tw.

APPENDIX

Error Messages

Frequenc
error

FHE9-EHH

	, , ,
FrEq-Err1	Sine and square wave frequency over range. This message appears when entering sine or square waveform frequency larger than the rating. See page26 for sine/square rating.
FrEq-Err2	Triangle wave Frequency over range. This message appears when entering triangle waveform frequency larger than 1MHz. See page26 for triangle wave rating.
FrEq-Err3	FM Center Frequency over range. This message appears when trying to enter FM center frequency larger than specified. See page 38 for EM center frequency range.

Duty Cycle error

dut	4-8++
duty-Err1	Not square waveform. This message appears when trying to set duty cycle in non-square (=sine or triangle) waveform. For duty cycle setting, see page28 (square wave) or page33 (1°TL/CMOS output).
duty-Err2	Square wave frequency over range. This message appears when trying to set duty cycle when the square wave frequency is over 1MHz. For square wave frequency setting, see page 26.
duty-Err3	Duty over range. This message appears when the duty cycle setting goes outside 20~80% range. For duty cycle range, see page28 (square wave) or page33 (TTL/CMOS output).

Specification

	Output Function	Sine, Square, 7	Friangle Friangle
	Amplitude Range	10Vp-p (into 50Ω load)	
	Impedance	$50\Omega \pm 10\%$	
	Attenuator	-20dB ± 1dB x2	
Main	DC Offset	< -5V ~ >+5V (50Ω load)	
	Duty Range	20% ~ 80%, 2Hz~1MHz (Square Wave)	
	Duty Resolution	1% (Square Wave Only)	
	Display	9 digits LED display	
		SFG-2004	0.1Hz ~ 4MHz
		SFG-2007	0.1Hz ~ 7MHz
		SFG-2010	0.1Hz ~ 10MHz
	Sine/Square	SFG-2020	1Hz ~ 20MHz
	Waveform Range	SFG-2104	0.1Hz ~ 4MHz
		SFG-2107	0.1Hz ~ 7MHz
Fraguanas		SFG-2110	0.1Hz ~ 10MHz
Frequency		SFG-2120	1Hz ~ 20MHz
	Triangle	0.1Hz ~ 1MHz	
	Waveform Range	(1Hz ~ 1MHz for SFG-2020/2120)	
	Resolution	0.1Hz (1Hz for SFG-2020/2120)	
	Stability	±20ppm	
	Accuracy	±20ppm	
	Aging	±5ppm/year	
	_	≥-55dBc, 0.1H	Hz ~ 200kHz
		≥-40dBc, 0.21	MHz ~ 4MHz
	Harmonic	≥-30dBc, 4M	Hz ~ 20MHz
	Distortion	(Amplitude at	maximum position
			ating 1/10 of any
Sine Wave	combination setting, TTL/CMC		0, , ,
		$< \pm 0.3$ dB, 0.1 Hz ~ 1 MHz $< \pm 0.5$ dB, 1 MHz ~ 4 MHz	
	Flatness	< ± 2dB, 4MHz ~ 10MHz	
		< ± 3dB, 10MHz ~ 20MHz	
			nplitude relating to 1kHz)
Triangle Wave	Linearity	≥ 98%, 0.1Hz	
arigic wave	· ·	≥ 95%, 100kH	
Square Wave	Symmetry		+ 4ns, 0.1Hz ~ 100kHz
Square wave	Rise/Fall Time		imum output (50 Ω load)
CMOS Output	Level		± 1Vpp, adjustable
	Rise/Fall Time	≤ 120ns	
TTL Output	Level	≥ 3Vpp	
	Fan Out	20 TTL Load	

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	Rise/Fall Time	≤ 25ns
Sweep	Sweep Rate	100:1 Ratio Max, adjustable (Note1)
(SFG-2100	Sweep Time	1 ~ 30s, adjustable (Note2)
Series)	Sweep Mode	Linear, Logarithmic
Amplitude	Depth	0 ~ 100%
Modulation	Frequency	400Hz (internal), DC ~ 1MHz (external)
(SFG-2100	Carrier BW	100Hz ~ 5MHz (-3dB)
*	External	Sensitivity: ≤ 10Vpp for 100%
Series)	Modulating	modulation
Frequency	Deviation	≥0 ~ ±50kHz, center at 1MHz
Modulation	Frequency	400Hz fixed (internal), 1kHz fixed (external)
(SFG-2100	External	Sensitivity: ≤ 10Vpp for 10%
Series)	Modulating	modulation (center at 1MHz)
	Range	5Hz ~ 150MHz
Frequency	Accuracy	Time Base Accuracy ± 1 count
Counter	Time Base	±20ppm (23±5°C) after 30min warmup
(SFG-2100	Max. Resolution	100nHz for 1Hz, 0.1Hz for 100MHz
•	Input Impedance	1MΩ/150pf
Series)	Sensitivity	≤ 35mVrms, 5Hz ~ 100MHz
	Schistivity	≤ 45mVrms, 100MHz ~ 150MHz
Store/Recall	10 Groups of Setti	ng Memories
	Power Source	AC115V/230V +10%, -15%, 50/60Hz
		Indoor Use, Altitude Up to 2000m
	Operation Environment	Ambient Temperature 0 ~ 40°C
		Relative Humidity ≤ 80%, 0 ~ 40°C
		Relative Humidity ≤ 70%, 35 ~ 40°C
		Install Category II / Pollution Degree 2
General	Storage	Temperature: −10 ~ 70°C
General	Environment	Humidity: ≤70%
	Accessories	Instruction Manual x 1, Power Cord x 1
		GTL-101 x 2 (SFG-2100 Series)
		GTL-101 x 1 (SFG-2000 Series)
	Dimension	107 (W) x 266 (H) x 293 (D)
	Weight	Approx. 3.2kg (SFG-2100 Series)
		Approx. 3.1kg (SFG-2000 Series)

Approx. 3.1kg (SFG-2000 Series)

Note1: In order to get the maximum sweep span, sweep time needs to be tuned.
Note2: If sweep time is too long, the stop frequency will stay at the maximum frequency until the end of the sweep cycle.

Declaration of Conformity

We GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.

(1) No.7-1, Jhongsing Rd., Tucheng City, Taipei County, Taiwan (2) No. 69, Lu San Road, Suzhou City (Xin Qu), Jiangsu Sheng, China declare, that the below mentioned product

Type of Product: Synthesized Function Generator Model Number: SFG-2004, SFG-2007, SFG-2010, SFG-2020, SFG-2104, SFG-2107, SFG-2110, SFG-2120

are herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council Directive on the Approximation of the Law of Member States relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility (89/336/EEC, 92/31/EEC, 93/68/EEC) and Low Voltage Directive (73/23/EEC, 93/68/EEC). For the evaluation regarding the Electromagnetic Compatibility and Low Voltage Directive, the following standards were applied:

⊚ EMC	
EN 61326-1: Electrical equipment	for measurement, control and laboratory
use — EMC requirements (1997	+ A1:1998 + A2:2001 + A3:2003)
Conducted Emission	Electrostatic Discharge
Radiated Emission	EN 61000-4-2: 1995 + A1:1998 +
EN 55011: Class A 1998 +	A2:2001
A1:1999 + A2:2002	
Current Harmonics	Radiated Immunity
EN 61000-3-2: 2000 + A2:2005	EN 61000-4-3: 2002 + A1:2002
Voltage Fluctuations	Electrical Fast Transients
EN 61000-3-3: 1995 + A1:2001	EN 61000-4-4: 2004
	Surge Immunity
	EN 61000-4-5: 1995 + A1:2001
	Conducted Susceptibility
	EN 61000-4-6: 1996 + A1:2001
	Power Frequency Magnetic Field
	EN 61000-4-8: 1993 + A1:2001
	Voltage Dip/ Interruption
	EN 61000-4-11: 2004

Safety

Low Voltage Equipment Directive 73/23/EEC & amended by 93/68/EEC
Safety Requirements
IEC/EN 61010-1: 2001

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