# PXIe-6674 Specifications



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# PXIe-6674 Specifications

This section lists the system specifications for PXIe-6674 modules. These specifications are typical at 25 °C, unless otherwise stated.



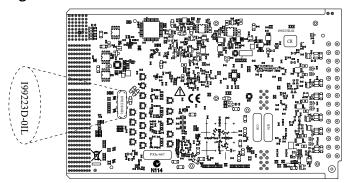
**Caution** Specifications are subject to change without notice.



Note Some specifications are specific to earlier revisions of the PXIe-6674 module. A label with revision information can be found on the module board as shown in the PXIe-6674 Revision Label figure below.

x denotes all letter revisions of the assembly. Ensure the specifications of interest match the revision that is printed on the label.

Figure 1. PXIe-6674 Revision Label



#### **Definitions**

**Warranted** specifications describe the performance of a model under stated operating conditions and are covered by the model warranty.

Characteristics describe values that are relevant to the use of the model under stated operating conditions but are not covered by the model warranty.

• **Typical** specifications describe the performance met by a majority of models.

• *Nominal* specifications describe an attribute that is based on design, conformance testing, or supplemental testing.

Specifications are *Typical* unless otherwise noted.

#### **PXIe-6674 Conditions**

Specifications are valid at 25 °C unless otherwise noted.

#### **CLKIN Characteristics**

Input coupling	AC
Input impedance	$50 \Omega$ , nominal

Table 1. Minimum and Maximum Input Levels

Setting	Attenuation Setting On	Attenuation Setting Off
Attenuation Setting	On (default)	Off
Attenuation Behavior	5:1	1:1
Minimum Input Swing with 50% Duty Cycle*	750 mV <sub>pp</sub>	150 mV <sub>pp</sub>
Maximum Input Swing with 50% Duty Cycle <sup>†</sup>	5.0 V <sub>pp</sub>	1.2 V <sub>pp</sub>
Absolute Maximum Input Powered On <sup>‡</sup>	5.6 V <sub>pp</sub>	2.8 V <sub>pp</sub>
Absolute Maximum Input Powered Off**	1.5 V <sub>pp</sub>	

<sup>\*</sup> A duty cycle other than 50% will increase the minimum input swing. Refer to Figure A-2 for more information.

Setting	Attenuation Setting On	Attenuation Setting Off

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> A duty cycle other than 50% will increase the minimum input swing. Refer to Figure A-3 for more information.



**Note** Input can be either square wave or sinusoidal.

Figure 2. Maximum and Minimum Input Swing with Attenuation On

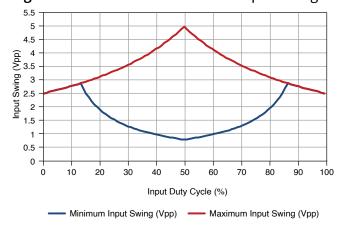
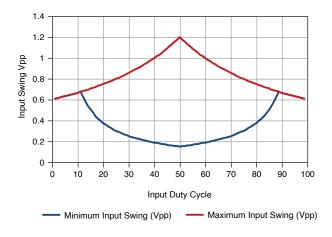


Figure 3. Maximum and Minimum Input Swing with Attenuation Off





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> Operation above the Absolute Maximum Input Powered On may cause damage to the device.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Absolute Maximum Input Powered Off is the maximum input signal amplitude that the device can tolerate before damage might occur while in an unpowered state.

Maximum Frequency				
To Clk10PLL 100 MHz				
To FPGA	200 MHz			
To PXIe-DStarA	1 GHz			
ClkIn to PXI_Clk10_In Delay (PLL not used)				
Typical at 25 °C		6.75 ns		
Maximum over temperature		14.8 ns		

## ClkOut

	Low Speed ClkOut	High Speed ClkOut
Coupling	AC Coupled	AC Coupled
Expected Termination	$50 \Omega$ or high impedance	50 Ω
Frequency Range	1 MHz to 50 MHz*	1 MHz to 1 GHz <sup>†</sup>
Typical Amplitude	2.57 $V_{pp}$ into 50 $\Omega$ , 5 $V_{pp}$ into high Z	800 mV <sub>pp</sub>
Rising/Falling Edge (20%, 80%)	270 ps, typical	180 ps typical
Duty Cycle of output with Clock Generation as source	45% to 55%	45% to 55%
Available Sources	PXI_CLK10, Clock Generation up to 50 MHz	Clock Generation, PXIe-DStarA

<sup>\*</sup> Operation of low speed ClkOut above 50 MHz is possible, however, NI does not guarantee performance. Use ClkOutLS as the destination terminal to force NI-Sync to use the low speed driver

	Low Speed ClkOut	High Speed ClkOut
above 50 MHz.		
† Operation above 1 GHz is possib	ole but NI does not guarantee perf	formance.

PXI_CLK10 to ClkOut Delay		
Typical at 25 °C	20.2 nbs	
Maximum over temperature	47.75 ns	

Figure 4. Typical Low Speed ClkOut Amplitude Performance (Sample Size: 19 Modules)

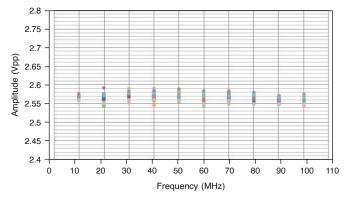
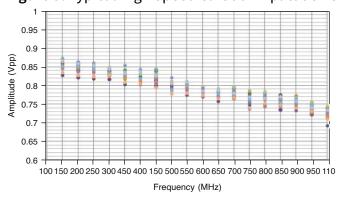


Figure 5. Typical High Speed ClkOut Amplitude Performance (Sample Size: 19 Modules)



#### **Clock Generation**

Reference Frequency Source <sup>[2]</sup>	PXIe_Clk100			
Base Frequency Resolution (150 MHz to 300 MHz)	2.84217 μHz <sup>[3]</sup>			
Minimum Generated Frequency <sup>[4]</sup>				
With FPGA divider	0.2794 Hz			
Without FPGA divider				
Maximum Generated Frequency	1 GHz <sup>[5]</sup>			

#### **Clock Generation Phase Noise Performance**



**Note** All Phase Noise Measurements were made on a Representative Module of various Clock Generation frequencies routed to ClkOut. All measurements made in a PXIe-1062 chassis with low fan speed and an OCXO connected to PXI\_Clk10\_IN using a PXIe-6674T.

The phase noise performance of the clock generation circuitry varies depending on what elements are used to generate the requested frequency. To generate frequencies above 300 MHz, a PLL is used to multiply the DDS frequency up which results in increased phase noise versus when the DDS is used directly (all frequencies below 300 MHz).

Figure 6. Phase Noise Performance

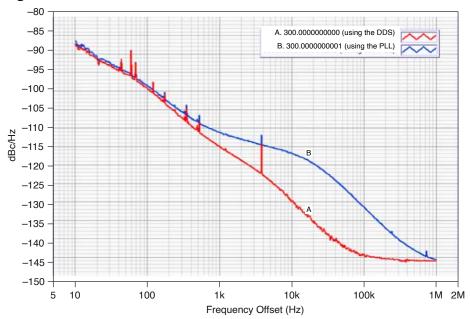
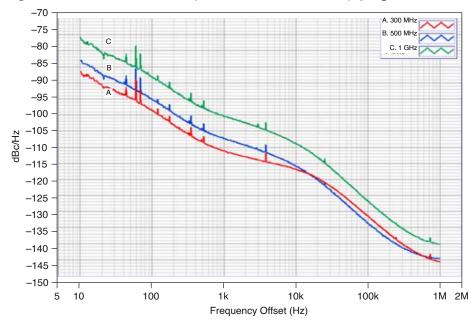


Figure 7. Phase Noise of Frequencies from the Multiplying PLL



At 50 MHz, NI-Sync software will automatically switch between the high speed and low speed ClkOut drivers [6]. The phase noise performance of these two drivers differs, as shown in the following figure:

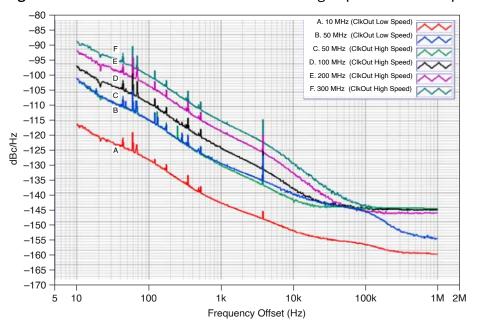


Figure 8. Phase Noise Performance Between High Speed and Low Speed ClkOut Drivers

# **Triggers**

# **PFI Single Ended**

Table 2. Input Characteristics

Termination Setting	High Impedance	50 Ω
Input Impedance	10 kΩ, ±20%	50 Ω, ±5%
Input Coupling	DC	DC
Hysteresis	50 mV typical	58 mV typical (Revision D) <sup>‡‡</sup> 53 mV typical (Revision E and later) <sup>‡‡</sup>
Adjustable Threshold Range	15 mV to 3.975 V	16.8 mV to 4.25 V (Revision D) <sup>‡‡</sup> 15.975 mV (Revision E and later) <sup>‡‡</sup>
Adjustable Threshold Resolution	15 mV	16.8 mV (Revision D) <sup>‡‡</sup> 15.975 mV (Revision E and later) <sup>‡‡</sup>
Adjustable Threshold Error*	±5 mV	±5 mV
Default Threshold Setting	1.005 V	1.008 V (Revision D) <sup>‡‡</sup> 1.006 V (Revision E and later) <sup>‡‡</sup>

Minimum Input Voltage Swing <sup>†</sup>	400 mV <sub>pp</sub>	450 mV <sub>pp</sub>
Frequency Range <sup>‡</sup>	DC to 150 MHz	DC to 150 MHz
Recommended Maximum Input Voltage Range	0.0 V to 5.0 V	0.0 V to 5.5 V
Maximum Input Voltage Range**	-0.5 V to 5.5 V	-0.5 V to 5.5 V
PFI Open Circuit Voltage <sup>††</sup>	0.45 V, typical	N/A

<sup>\*</sup> PFI Input switching behavior is a function of both the threshold setting and hysteresis.

Table 3. Output Characteristics

Output Impedance	50 Ω, nominal	
Output Coupling	DC	
Output Voltage Range into 50 $\Omega$ load	0 V to 1.63 V, typical	
Output Voltage Range into open load	0 V to 3.22 V, typical	
Output Rising/Falling Edge into 50 Ω load	450 ps to 500 ps, 20% to 80%, typical	
Maximum Output Frequency*	DC to 150 MHz	
* Operation beyond 150 MHz frequency may be possible but performance is not guaranteed.		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Input Voltage Swing below 400 mV may be possible but performance is not guaranteed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> Operation beyond 150 MHz frequency may be possible but performance is not guaranteed.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Voltages beyond the maximum range may cause damage to the device.

<sup>††</sup> PFI line will float to 0.45 V when configured in high impedance mode with no external signal connected as input.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡‡</sup> Ensure that the specifications of interest match the revision label on your board.

#### **PFI LVDS**

**Table 4.** Input Characteristics

Minimum Differential Input Voltage	100 mV <sub>pp</sub>
Recommended Maximum Differential Input Voltage*	1 V
Maximum Input Voltage Range <sup>†</sup>	0 V to 4 V
Differential Input Resistance	100 Ω, ±10%
Maximum Input Frequency <sup>‡</sup>	200 MHz

<sup>\*</sup> Operation with greater voltage swing will not damage the device but performance characteristics are not guaranteed.

**Table 5.** Output Characteristics

Differential Output Voltage into 100 $\Omega$ differential load (at DC)	600 mV <sub>pp</sub> typical
Output Common Mode Voltage	1.125 V to 1.375 V
Maximum Output Frequency—Sourced from Clock Generation and PXIe_DSTARA*	1 GHz
Maximum Output Frequency—Sourced from FPGA <sup>†</sup>	200 MHz
Differential Rise and Fall Time	180 ps, typical

<sup>\*</sup> Operation beyond 1 GHz is possible but performance is not guaranteed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Maximum Input Voltage Range is any combination of input voltage swing and common mode voltage. For example, a 200 mV differential swing with common mode voltage of 100 mV is acceptable as the lowest applied voltage to the input would be 0 V. A 200 mV differential swing with common mode less than 100 mV would cause the applied voltage to fall below 0V and therefore would not be acceptable.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup> Operation beyond 200 MHz is possible but performance is not guaranteed. THis limitation comes from the FPGA, not the LVDS receiver.

The following figure shows the representative LVDS output operating at 100 MHz. 1 unit interval in this figure equals 5 ns.

0.4-0.2-Differential Signal (V) 0.1--0.0--0.1--0.2--0.4--0.5-0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0 1.1 -0.1 -0.0 0.1 0.2 0.3 Unit Intervals

Figure 9. Representative LVDS Output at 100 MHz

The following figure shows the representative LVDS output operating at 1 GHz. 1 unit interval in the figure equals 500 ps.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Operation beyond 200 MHz is possible but performance is not guaranteed. This limitation comes from the FPGA, not the LVDS driver.

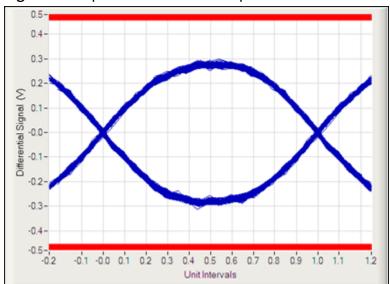


Figure 10. Representative LVDS Output at 1 GHz

#### **PXI-Triggers**

I/O Voltage Level	3.3 V CMOS, 5 V input tolerant

#### **PXI-Star**

I/O Voltage Level	3.3 V CMOS, 5 V input tolerant

#### **PXIe-DStarB**

The PXIe-DStarB signals are LVDS signals that allow the PXIe-6674 to receive high speed trigger signals from the system timing slot module. Each PXI Express slot in a chassis has its own PXIe-DStarB connection with the System Timing Slot.

Maximum operating frequency	200 MHz
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#### PXIe-DStarC

The PXIe-DStarC signals are LVDS signals that come from peripheral PXI Express slots in a chassis. Each PXI Express slot in a chassis has a PXIe-DStarC connection with the System Timing Slot. The PXIe-6674 can route signals to PXIe-DStarC.

Maximum operating frequency	200 MHz
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## **Trigger Timing**

#### **Asynchronous Trigger Delays and Skew**

Table 6. Asynchronous Trigger Delays and Skew Values

Trigger Source	Trigger Destination	Typical Delay*	Typical Skew <sup>†</sup>	
Single Ended PFI	Single Ended PFI	18.9 ns	<0.5 ns	
Single Ended PFI	LVDS PFI	17.7 ns	<0.5 ns	
Single Ended PFI	PXI-Trigger	34.6 ns	<1.5 ns	
Single Ended PFI	PXI-Star	23.0 ns	N/A	
Single Ended PFI	PXIe-DStarC	11.8 ns	N/A	
LVDS PFI	Single Ended PFI	12.2 ns	<0.5 ns	
LVDS PFI	LVDS PFI	10.3 ns	<0.5 ns	
LVDS PFI	PXI-Trigger	27.4 ns	<1.5 ns	
LVDS PFI	PXI-Star	15.9 ns	N/A	
LVDS PFI	PXIe-DStarC	11.8 ns	N/A	
PXI-Trigger	Single Ended PFI	16.9 ns	<0.5 ns	
PXI-Trigger	LVDS PFI	15.7 ns	<0.5 ns	
PXI-Trigger	PXI-Trigger	31.1 ns	<1.5 ns	
PXI-Trigger	PXI-Star	19.4 ns	N/A	
PXI-Trigger	PXIe-DStarC	14.5 ns	N/A	

Trigger Source	Trigger Destination	Typical Delay*	Typical Skew <sup>†</sup>	
PXI-Star	Single Ended PFI	15.1 ns	<0.5 ns	
PXI-Star	LVDS PFI	13.9 ns	<0.5 ns	
PXI-Star	PXI-Trigger	28.9 ns	<1.5 ns	
PXI-Star	PXIe-DStarC	13.6 ns	N/A	
PXIe-DStarB	StarB Single Ended PFI 11.8 ns		<0.5 ns	
PXIe-DStarB	LVDS PFI	10.5ns	<0.5 ns	
PXIe-DStarB	PXI-Trigger	25.7 ns <1.5 ns		
PXIe-DStarB	PXI-Star	14.0 ns	N/A	

<sup>\*</sup> Typical Delay is measured from the input to the NI PXIe-6674 at the connector to the output at the connector. For example, Single Ended PFI to PXI-Star is the delay from the Single Ended PFI SMA connector to the PXI-Star at the backplane connector.

#### Synchronized Trigger PXI\_Clk10 to Out

Table 7. Synchronized Trigger PXI\_Clk10 to Out

Trigger Destination	Clock to Out Time*
Single Ended PFI	10.1 ns Typical, 19.9 ns Max
LVDS PFI	8.9 ns Typical, 14.8 ns Max
PXI-Trigger	23.4 ns Typical, 28.2 ns Max
PXI-Star	11.9 ns Typical, 22.5 ns Max
PXIe-DStarC	8.9 ns Typical, 14.0 ns Max

<sup>\*</sup>Clock to Out Time is the amount of time it takes for a logic change on a synchronous trigger to appear (at the connector) with respect to the rising edge of PXI-Clk10 (at the backplane connector) that it is synchronized to.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Typical Skew is defined as the difference in arrival time of a rising edge on a common source to two or more outputs with in a trigger destination, as seen as the connector. For example, if Single Ended PFI(0) is asynchronously routed to all PXI-Trigger lines, the typical skew would be less than 1.5 ns.

## Synchronized Trigger Setup and Hold Timing with Respect to PXI-Clk10

Table 8. Synchronized Trigger Setup and Hold Timing with Respect to PXI\_Clk10

Trigger Source	Trigger Destination	Setup Time*	Hold Time <sup>†</sup>	
Single Ended PFI	Single Ended PFI	7.9 ns Typical, 14 ns Max	-6.3 ns Typical, 0.6 ns Max	
Single Ended PFI	LVDS PFI	8.2 ns Typical, 14.3 ns Max	-5.9 ns Typical, 0.2 ns Max	
Single Ended PFI	PXI-Trigger	9.3 Typical, 14.4 ns Max	-7.9 ns Typical, 0.3 ns Max	
Single Ended PFI	PXI-Star	8.4 ns Typical, 14 ns Max	-7.7 ns Typical, 0.6 ns Max	
Single Ended PFI	PXIe-StarC	9.6 ns Typical, 15.6 ns Max	-8.7 ns Typical,05 ns Max	
LVDS PFI	Single Ended PFI	0.8 ns Typical, 3.6 ns Max	0 ns Typical, 4.2 ns Max	
LVDS PFI	LVDS PFI	0.5 ns Typical, 3.4 ns Max	01 ns Typical, 4.1 ns Max	
LVDS PFI	PXI-Trigger	1.6 ns Typical, 4.7 ns Max	-0.8 ns Typical, 4 ns Max	
LVDS PFI	PXI-Star	1.1 ns Typical, 3.9 ns Max	-0.8 ns Typical, 4 ns Max	
LVDS PFI	PXIe-DStarC	2.7 ns Typical, 6.1 ns Max	-1.5 ns typical, 2.3 ns Max	
PXI-Trigger	Single Ended PFI	9.8 ns Typical, 17.8 ns Max	-7.8 ns Typical, -5 ns Max	
PXI-Trigger	LVDS PFI	9.7 ns Typical, 18.6 ns Max	-8.5 ns Typical, -5.7 ns Max	
PXI-Trigger	PXI-Trigger	9.1 ns Typical, 17.4 ns Max	-7.3 ns Typical, -4.7 ns Max	
PXI-Trigger	PXI-Star	8.8 ns Typical, 17.1 ns Max	-8 ns Typical, -4.5 ns Max	
PXI-Trigger	PXIe-DStarC	8.5 ns Typical, 17 ns -7.3 ns Typical, -4.6		

Trigger Source	Trigger Destination	Setup Time*	Hold Time <sup>†</sup>	
		Max	Max	
PXI-Star	Single Ended PFI	3.9 ns Typical, 10.5 ns Max	3 ns Typical, -0.2 ns Max	
PXI-Star	LVDS PFI	4.3 ns Typical, 11.6 ns Max	-3.9 ns Typical, -1.2 ns Max	
PXI-Star	PXI-Trigger	3.5 ns Typical, 10.9 ns Max	-2.3 ns Typical, -0.5 ns Max	
PXI-Star	PXIe_DStarC	3.9 ns Typical, 10.7 ns Max	-3.6 ns Typical, -0.5 ns Max	
PXIe-DStarB	Single Ended PFI	0.8 ns Typical, 3.2 ns Max	0 ns Typical, 4.2 ns Max	
PXIe-DStarB	LVDS PFI	0.9 ns Typical, 4.2 ns Max	-0.3 ns Typical, 3.2 ns Max	
PXIe-DStarB	PXI-Trigger	0.7 ns Typical, 3.5 ns Max	-0.2 ns Typical, 3.9 ns Max	
PXIe-DStarB	PXI-Star	1.3 ns Typical, 3.3 ns Max	-1.1 ns Typical, 4 ns Max	
PXIe-DStarB	PXIe-DStarC	0.5 ns Typical, 3.3 ns Max	-0.3 ns Typical, 3.9 ns Max	

<sup>\*</sup> Setup Time is the amount of time before a rising edge of PXI-Clk10 (at the backplane connector) that a logic level must be valid on the trigger source (at the connector) in order for the trigger destination to update.

# **FPGA Functionality**

#### **Trigger Routing**

The following table shows the signal routes that can be made.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> Hold Time is the amount of time after a rising edge of PXI-Clk10 (at the backplane connector) that a logic level must be valid on the trigger source (at the connector) in order for the trigger destination to update.

Figure 11. Sources and Destinations for NI PXIe-6674 Signal Routing Descriptions

			Destinations					
			Front Panel				Backplane	
			CLKOUT	PFI <05>	PFI_LVDS <02>	PXI_STAR Peripheral	PXI_TRIG <07>	DSTARC Peripheral
		CLKIN	✓	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †
	Front Panel	PFI<05>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Tallel	PFI_LVDS <02>		<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓
		PXI_ CLK10	<b>✓</b>	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †
Sources E		PXI_ CLK100		<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †
	Backplane	PXI_STAR Peripheral		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
		PXI_TRIG <07>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
		DSTARA Peripheral	✓		✓			
		DSTARB Peripheral		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
		Clk Gen	✓	<b>√</b> †	✓	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †	<b>√</b> †
	Onboard	Global Software		<b>√</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓
	I_CLK10, PXIe_0 source and then r					nization clock (N	II-Sync Property	Node) to the
	Route made through the FPGA.							
	Route to PFI_LVDS can be made through the FPGA when used as a trigger, or through the PXIe-DTARA network when used as a clock.							

# **Frequency Measurement**

Maximum Measurable Frequency <sup>[7]</sup>	200 MHz
Reference Counter Source <sup>[8]</sup>	PXIe-Clk100
Frequency Counter Sources	All Trigger inputs plus Clock In

# **Trigger Sync Clock**

Two independent synchronization clock zones:

- Front Synchronization Clock for PFI Single Ended and PFI LVDS
- Rear Synchronization Clock for PXI-Star, PXI-Trigger, and PXIe-DStarB

Synchronization Clock Sources PXI_Clk10, PXIe_Clk100, Clock In, and Clock Generation
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Two division ratios can be specified in powers of 2 from 2 to 512. These ratios are used in all synchronization clock zones to divide down the selected full speed synchronization clock.

# **Physical**

Chassis requirement	One 3U PXI Express slot
Dimensions (not including connectors)	16 cm × 10 cm (6.3 in. × 3.9 in.)
Front panel connectors	Eight SMA female, 50 Ω
Front panel indicators	Two tricolor LEDs (green, red, and amber)
Weight	315 g (11.1 oz)

## **Power Requirements**

+3.3 V	2.54 A, max
+12 V	2.25 A, max

+5	V <sub>AUX</sub>	0 A, max

## **Environmental**

Maximum altitude	2,000 m (800 mbar) (at 25 °C ambient temperature)
Pollution Degree	2

Indoor use only.

# **Operating Environment**

Ambient temperature range	0 to 55 °C (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-1 and IEC-60068-2-2. Meets MIL-PRF-28800F Class 3 low temperature limit and MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2 high temperature limit.)
Relative humidity range	10% to 90%, noncondensing (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-56.)

# **Storage Environment**

Ambient temperature range	-40 to 71 °C (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-1 and IEC-60068-2-2. Meets MIL-PRF-28800F Class 3 limits.)
Relative humidity range	5% to 95%, noncondensing (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-56.)

#### **Shock and Vibration**

	30 g peak, half-sine, 11 ms pulse (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-27. Meets MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2 limits.)
Random Vibration	
Operating	5 to 500 Hz, 0.3 g <sub>rms</sub>
Nonoperating	5 to 500 Hz, 2.4 g <sub>rms</sub> (Tested in accordance with IEC-60068-2-64. Nonoperating test profile exceeds the requirements of MIL-PRF-28800F, Class 3.)



**Caution** Clean the PXIe-6674 module with a soft, nonmetallic brush. Make sure that the device is completely dry and free from contaminants before returning it to service.



**Note** Specifications are subject to change without notice.

# **Safety Compliance Standards**

This product is designed to meet the requirements of the following electrical equipment safety standards for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- IEC 61010-1, EN 61010-1
- UL 61010-1, CSA C22.2 No. 61010-1



**Note** For safety certifications, refer to the product label or the <u>Product Certifications and Declarations</u> section.

# **Electromagnetic Compatibility**

This product meets the requirements of the following EMC standards for electrical

equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use:

- EN 61326-1 (IEC 61326-1): Class A emissions; Basic immunity
- EN 55011 (CISPR 11): Group 1, Class A emissions
- AS/NZS CISPR 11: Group 1, Class A emissions
- FCC 47 CFR Part 15B: Class A emissions
- ICES-001: Class A emissions



Note In the United States (per FCC 47 CFR), Class A equipment is intended for use in commercial, light-industrial, and heavy-industrial locations. In Europe, Canada, Australia and New Zealand (per CISPR 11) Class A equipment is intended for use only in heavy-industrial locations.



Note Group 1 equipment (per CISPR 11) is any industrial, scientific, or medical equipment that does not intentionally generate radio frequency energy for the treatment of material or inspection/analysis purposes.



**Note** In the United States (per FCC 47 CFR), Class A equipment is intended for use in commercial, light-industrial, and heavy-industrial locations. In Europe, Canada, Australia and New Zealand (per CISPR 11) Class A equipment is intended for use only in heavy-industrial locations.

# CE Compliance ( ¿

This product meets the essential requirements of applicable European Directives as follows:

- 2014/35/EU; Low-Voltage Directive (safety)
- 2014/30/EU; Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (EMC)

## **Product Certifications and Declarations**

Refer to the product Declaration of Conformity (DoC) for additional regulatory compliance information. To obtain product certifications and the DoC for NI products, visit ni.com/product-certifications, search by model number, and click the appropriate link.

## **Environmental Management**

NI is committed to designing and manufacturing products in an environmentally responsible manner. NI recognizes that eliminating certain hazardous substances from our products is beneficial to the environment and to NI customers.

For additional environmental information, refer to the **Engineering a Healthy Planet** web page at <u>ni.com/environment</u>. This page contains the environmental regulations and directives with which NI complies, as well as other environmental information not included in this document.

## Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE)



**EU Customers** This symbol indicates that waste products should be disposed of separately from municipal household waste according to WEEE Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Parliament and the Council on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE). All products at the end of their life cycle must be sent to a WEEE collection and recycling center. Proper WEEE disposal reduces environmental impact and the risk to human health due to potentially hazardous substances used in such equipment. Your cooperation in proper WEEE disposal will contribute to the effective usage of natural resources. For information about the available collection and recycling scheme in a particular country, go to <a href="mailto:ni.com/environment/weee">ni.com/environment/weee</a>.

## 电子信息产品污染控制管理办法(中国RoHS)

• ❷❸● 中国RoHS—NI符合中国电子信息产品中限制使用某些有害物质指令 (RoHS)。关于NI中国RoHS合规性信息,请登录 ni.com/environment/rohs\_china。(For information about China RoHS compliance, go to ni.com/environment/rohs china.)